Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser:

NUMBER 2065.] PHILADELPHIA: FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 3, 1799. [VOLUME XV.

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

FOR LONDON,

THE SHIP

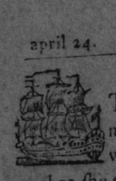
WOODDROP SIMS

John B. Hodgson, Commander

Will sail with all expedition, the greater part of her cargo being ready to go on board, and will return an early fall ship. For freight or passage apply on board said ship, lying at the subscriber's wharf, or to

JOSEPH SIMS,
No. 155, South Water-street.

april 24. d2w



For Sale,

The Ship NEPTUNE,

now laying at Walnut street wharf, with her tackle and apparel as she came from sea; her burthen is 233 tons. For terms, apply to

JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.

The consignees of goods on board the above vessel, are requested to take out their Permits so soon as possible, as the ship will begin discharging to-morrow morning.

april 12. dtf

FOR SALE,

THE SHIP

CONNECTICUT,

Capt. HAYLANDER,

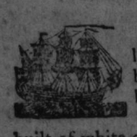
Just arrived from London,

About 2 years old, sheathed and coppered about 18 months ago, after having made one voyage measures 359 tons, supposed will carry 5000 barrels flour, mounted with 16 long double 6-pounders and two 18 pound carronades, with ammunition and small arms complete, is in every respect fitted for a voyage to Indian, will require nothing but an additional supply of provisions. It is expected she will be discharged and ready for delivery in all next week; a liberal credit will be given, for terms, apply to

PETER BLIGHT.

april 22. d1ot

For Sale,



A NEW VESSEL,

launched in August, or September last, 48 feet keel, 19 feet beam, and 8 feet hold, consequently about 91 tons, strongly built of white oak, and now lying at Sinnepuxent, in the state of Maryland. For further particulars, enquire of

WILLIAM WINDER,
At the Navy Office, Walnut street.

april 10, 1799 3aw tf

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,

NO. 129, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters. —From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*

november 10 2aw

FOR SALE,

THE

Schooner NANCY,

Thomas Hallam, Master,

BURTHEN about 71 tons; is a stout, staunch built vessel, four years old, and sails very fast. Apply to

JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.

april 30. d1et

JACOB PERKINS,

HAVING invented an effectual check for detecting counterfeit Bank Paper, which has received the sanction of one Bank, and the approbation of the undersigned eminent artists, and having obtained a patent, securing to him, and to his assigns, the exclusive right of the invention, hereby offers to his fellow citizens the privilege of using it upon terms, to be agreed on between him and any person disposed to avail themselves of a guard against counterfeits.

THE undersigned having examined Jacob Perkin's new invented method to detect counterfeit Bank paper, do approve of the plan, it being impossible to engrave or sink two plates perfectly alike, without the original die or hub, the counterfeiter would find it impossible to make an impression which would perfectly gage with the check from the original die.

ROB'T SCOT, Engraver & Die sinker
JAMES SMITHER, Engraver.
JAMES AKIN, Engraver.

The terms may be known by applying to No. 11, South 3d street.

March 23. 2awtf

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of John McGrath, late of Caroline county, in the state of Maryland, deceased, are hereby requested to meet the subscriber in Denton, at Mr. Benjamin Dinney's, on the 3d Tuesday in May next, with their accounts properly attested, that there may be a dividend struck on said estate.—— All who neglect this notice will be after excluded,

SAMUEL LECOMPTE, administrator.

Caroline County, april 8th 3g §

Mahogany.

THE subscriber, intending to leave off, the Mahogany and Lumber Business, offers for sale at his yard, the corner of Queen and Water streets, Southwark, all his stock on hand, consisting of a great variety of

St. Domingo and Bay Mahogany Boards, Plank and Scantling,

All well seasoned and fit for immediate use.

Also a few thousand feet seasoned half-inch and inch White Pine Boards, and a small quantity of two feet cedar shingles.

All that shall remain unsold, will be disposed of at public sale, at 10 o'clock on Thursday the 28th instant. The terms of payment will be cash for purchases under 100 dollars, from 100 to 500 dollars at 60 days, and all above 500 dollars at 60 and 120 days, for approved indorsed notes, with the discount. The sale to be continued until the whole is disposed of.

JOHN M'CULLOH.

N. B. The subscriber will sell or let the above yard, wharf and dwelling house, which he now occupies.

march 4 eot 28May

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the second of this inst. April, living in Kent county, Maryland, near Chester Town, the following described Negroes, viz. William, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, a yellowish complexioned fellow, about thirty years of age, formerly the property of doctor William Matthews, he has been very much given to running away, and has been so often described in the public papers within this twelve months that any further description of him seems needless.—Jacob, about 6 feet high, and about 32 years of age, of a common Negroe complection, down look, his little finger of his left hand stands straight, occasioned by the cut of a sickle. Patt, the wife of said Jacob, about 27 years of age, a small light made woman of a yellowish complection, with thick lips for an American of her stature, she is a very good needle woman, and spins on either small or great wheel, and is very handy in any common house work.—Two children of the said Jacob's and Patt's, the one a male child about four years old, the other a female child about two years old. The above described Negroes took with them, besides their own wearing apparel, three coats, two of which were linsey cloth of a light grey color, both new; one of the two was a great deal too large for either of the said fellows; the other coat of brown cloth, half worn; three under jackets, one a velvet, another a drab, the other a light colored linsey cloth do, one new pair of Calf skin shoes, lined with linnen and bound with leather, one pair of boots remarkably large in the legs, several pairs of stockings and a silver watch, all stolen: their own wearing apparel as follows—William had on a light-horse regimental coat worked with silver twist, (which coat he had when he was brought home to me the first of February last, a round sailor jacket (blue,) thickset breeches, patched with corduroy in the stride, with other necessary clothing. Jacob, two linsey cloth coatees, lead colored, one new the other half worn, blue linsey cloth jacket, half worn, two pairs of linsey cloth trowsers, of a lead colour, the one new the other half worn, tolerable good shoes and stockings. Patt has every day cloathing, and her children wore home-made linen and linsey, her other cloathing not so well known; it is uncertain which course they may take, as William is such an experienced coaster.

Any person or persons apprehending said negroes or sounding them, so that their master may get them again, shall be entitled to the above reward, or in proportion for either of them, that is to say, 40 dollars for each of the fellows, and twenty dollars for the wench and children, and if brought home, all reasonable charges paid by

BENSON GEARS.

N. B.—All masters of vessels and others, are forbid harboring them at their peril. B. G.

april 8, 1799 d3w

TO BE LET,

Two Good Counting Houses

On the south side of Walnut-street Wharf.

Enquire of

JAMES YARD.

april 18. eod4w

All Persons

Indebted to the Estate of HENRY HILL, deceased are requested to make payment to the subscriber and those having any demands on the same to produce their accounts for settlement.

GIDEON H. WELLS,
Agent to the Ex:
no. 135, Market street

Philadelphia dec. 4, 1798 eotf

Notice.

THE subscribers being appointed by the court of common pleas of the city and county, guardians to the person and estate of JONATHAN BEERE, now confined in a state of lunacy in the Pennsylvania Hospital—All persons holding his effects or indebted to him will pay or return the same immediately; and those having demands will present them duly authenticated, to

Mary Beere,
Thomas Hurly,
no. 16, Carter's alley.

Philadelphia, april 4 ¶1aw6w

FOR SALE,

To be EXCHANGED for property within thirty miles of the city, or to let on ground-rent forever

Several valuable building Lots,

In Philadelphia,

Enquire of William M. Biddle. ne. 147, Chesnut-street.

nov. 22 §

REMOVAL.

ROBERT COE & SON,

HAVE REMOVED THEIR

Brush Manufactory and Ironmongery Store,

to No. 175, Market Street, nearly opposite the Conestogoe Waggon, where they have for sale as usual, home manufactured and imported Brushes of almost every description, together with a general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Saddlery, and Brass wares, to which they expect by the spring vessels, an ample addition.

4th mo. 10. eodtf

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.

Philadelphia, April 6, 1799.

For sale at public auction,

AT the Custom House, on Tuesday the 7th May, 1799, the following Merchandize, which remain in the Custom House Stores more than nine months unclaimed by the owners or consignees thereof.

RS	No. 26	one trunk containing linen, muslin and dimity
FIW	2	one case containing plush
C&Co.	1	one box containing tapes
P		
PD		one box music books
		one box sewing needles
		four chests of Chinese curiosities, two large paintings
Mrs. Boulton,		one box indigo
IM		one box containing shoes and cotton
Joshua Gilpin		one box garden seeds
		one box containing cotton stockings, shirts, pocket handkerchiefs & shoes.
I◇T		three boxes containing six hundred and sixty one numbers of Winterbotham's general description of America
X		one box soap
912		four hhds. beans
W		one bag coffee
M		two barrels walnuts
		one barrel peminto
		one box sugar
P&C	128	eight cases guns
PD	1	one cases containing a forte piano
		one box artificial flowers.

april 8 dt7M

Landing,

From brig ENTERPRISE, at Jackson & Morris's Wharf,

8c Hhds prime Jamaica Sugars } *entitled to*
40 do. Rum } *drawback*

AND FOR SALE

Wharton & Lewis,
No. 115, south Front street.

Who have also for sale,

Madeira wine in pipes and half pipes
New-England Rum
Ground Ginger, &c. &c.

april 27 §

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers.

Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Young Hyson, & } TEAS.
Souchong,
Canton and Garden Fans,
Nankeens,
China Ware, assorted.
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks.

They have also remaining on Hand

Black Persians, Choppa and Pullicat Romalls,
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

4th mo 26 §

ROSS & SIMSON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

300 pieces 1st and 2d quality Ruffia Duck
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal } COSSAS HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St. Martins Salt.

april 11 §

TO LET.

THE large House in Southwark, lately occupied by Mr. Henry Mitchell; apply to

Isaac Wharton.

Jan. 11 §

JUST LANDING,

From on board the ship WOODDROP SIMS' *JOHN B. HODGSON, commander,* from CANTON,—and for sale by

JOSEPH SIMS,
No. 155, South Water-street,

Bohea Teas, in whole, half, and qr. chests,
Hyson, Hyson Gomee, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin Teas, in quarter chests,
Souchong and Pecho Souchong in quarter chests and boxes,

An assortment of

Silks, Boglepores, Hair Ribbon, Umbrellas, and Fans,
A complete assortment of China Ware,
Rhubarb, Cassia, Nankeens, &c. &c.

april 9 d3w

The Subscribers have for sale, at their Counting house, No. 35, Dock-street,

White and red Lead
Patent shot, No. 1 to 8, B & BB
Hemp
Bourdeaux Brandy, 1st and 4th proof
Claret in cases, first quality
One trunk of Umbrellas
Three Cases consisting of
Brass and Wood Compasses
Amplitude do.
Day and night Glasses, and
Sewing Twine
100 Cutlasses
4000 bushels Liverpool Salt.

THOMAS MURGATROYD & SONS.

april 11. mwf 3w

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

14 four pound Cannon, different lengths,
5 Carronades.

JOHN NIXON & CO.

December 1. §

TO BE SOLD,

An Invoice of Woollens,

CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths,—principally Dark Blue, and printed Cassimeres ——Apply to

Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No. 151 Market-street.

april 29 §

Just Landing,

From on board the schooner ALBERT, Joseph Paul, master, from St. Croix,

A Cargo of excellent St. Croix *RUM,*

FOR SALE,

Enquire of

JOSEPH SIMS.

april 22 diw.

Just Received,

By the late arrivals from London and Hamburg, and for sale by the Subscribers,

89 tons best St. Petersburgh Hemp
599 pieces English Sailcloth
2 trunks, containing
Sattins
Ribbons
Silk Handkerchiefs
Persian and Gauze
3 cases fashionable Ladies' Hats, &c.
10 casks Bristles
8 bales Ticklenburgs, and
A few packages of
Dowlas
Creas a la Morlaix
Checks and Stripes
Bretagnes
25 Hhds Bourdeaux Brandy
10 pipes Spanish do
40 Hhds Bourdeaux Claret.

Erick & Lewis Bollmann.

No. 100 Spruce-street.

april 27. dtf

The subscribers have on hand, and for sale at reduced prices, the following articles, viz.

Seventy Pipes London Particular Madeira Wine,

the vintage of '96, since when they have lain in a store well adapted to their improvement;

25 Chests of Young Hyson Tea;
An Invoice of well-assorted China—original cost between 8 and 900 dolls. in Canton.

HIGBEE & MILNOR.

march 21.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of John O'Conor of Warwick township, Bucks county, lately deceased, are requested to pay the same to the subscriber, and those who may have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts legally proved for payment to

STEPHEN MOYLAN, Executor.

april 22. d2w

A PERSON

WELL acquainted with the mercantile business, also a judge of the forms of establishing rights to houses and lands, in the states of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, N and S. Carolina, and Kentucky, would be willing to engage, for a few months, if proper encouragements was given, to go to any part of the United States, or down the river Mississippi, to transact business, collect debts, or examine lands or land offices &c. It may happen that one person's business would not afford the expenees, or be an object for one person to go purposely, but it may happen also that a number may have business to do in the same state, or adjacent states, and then the expences will come light upon each. The person who offers can be well recommended, and if necessary will give security for his conduct. For further particulars inquire of the Printer.

april 24. w&s. mwfst

NOTICE.

THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,

Joshua B. Bond.
John Brooks.

april 1 §

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any Demands against the estate of the late Robert Hardie, mariner, deceased, are hereby requested to present them for settlement, and all those indebted to said estate, to make payment to either of the subscribers

PETER BAYNTON, *Walnut-street.* } *Executors*
JOHN CRAIG, *No. 12, Dock-street.* }

jan. 14 3awtf

F. KISSELMAN,

Has for sale, at no. 105, south Water street,

Cogniac Brandy, 1st 3d & 4th proof
Jamaica spirits, 4th proof,
St. Croix } RUM.
New England }
Sherry
Lisbon
Port } WINES
Malaga
Molasses
Sugar
Coffee
And various kinds of Groceries.

april 11 3aw3w

Richard Bayley & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that the Retail Business carried on by them at their Store, No. 136, Market-street, will in future be carried on by Mr. WM. BONNAR, whom they beg leave to recommend to the favor of their friends and the public.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the above firm and those to whom they are indebted, will please to apply to JOHN WHITESIDES & Co. or the settlement of their respective accounts, who are duly empowered for that purpose.

Richard Bayley & Co.

WILLIAM BONNAR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that the above Store will be opened by him on Monday the 4th of February next, with an assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the season, which he flatters himself will meet the approbation of those who honor him with their favor.

jan 29. §

A Summer Retreat.

FOR SALE,

Sixteen Acres of Land,

About half a mile from the city of Philadelphia,

THERE are on the premises a one story brick house 38 feet front, a stable and corn crib, a well of excellent water, and a few fruit trees, the situation is perhaps superior to any within the same distance of the city, and commands one of the most beautiful and picturesque prospects of the city, Kensington, the Delaware and Jerseys,

Enquire of EDWARD BONSALL & Co.

march 4 eodtf

Old French Brandy in large and small cases
100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Window Glass
20 chest pint & half-pint Tumblers, assorted
226 whole & 6 half-tierces Rice,

FOR SALE BY

Gurney & Smith.

may 1, 1799 §

Philadelphia & Lancaster Turnpike Office.

Philadelphia, April 22, 1799.

WANTED,

AN active Man, of good character, to superintend the Turnpike Road, he must be well recommended and give such security as may be required: for further information apply from the 7th to the 15th May next at this office.

Wm. GOVETT, secretary.

april 23 thf&s tiiM

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to JOHN RILEY, of of West-Chester, in Chester county, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any demands are requested to bring in their accounts to either of the subscribers.

EBENEZER LARGE, }
JOHN FRIES, } Assignees.
JOSEPH CLARK, }

Philadelphia, april 23 c03w

English wrought Nails.

Imported in the ships Molly and Diana, from LIVERPOOL.

400 Casks of Nails,

CONSISTING of 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, flat points suitable for the southern market—6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, fine drawn sharps—also 2, 3, 4, and 6 clouts—sprigs—tucks—supper nails—sheathing nails, &c.

FOR SALE BY,

Robert Denison, junr.

127 Market-street.

CHARLES CAMPBELL,

WATCH-MAKER.

HAS removed to the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. *John Wood*, No. 15, corner of Front and Chesnut-streets; where he will thankfully receive and execute orders with neatness and dispatch

HE HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

A Neat and Large Assortment of Clocks & Watches.

WANTED,

A JOURNEYMAN;

ALSO, one or two Apprentices of respectable parents.

FOR SALE,

A large quantity of Watch Glasses

Wholesale and Retail.

nov 24 3awtf

Samuel Miles, jun'r.

Of the city of Philadelphia, merchant, having assigned over all his effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of such of his creditors as may subscribe to the said assignment on or before the first of August next.

Notice is hereby given,

To all persons indebted to the said estate, that they are requested to make immediate payment to either of the assignees, or to the said Samuel Miles, who is authorised to receive the same; in failure whereof legal steps will be taken for the recovery of such debts, as are not discharged accordingly.

GEORGE ASTON, }
CORNELIS COMEGYS, } Assignees
JOHN ALLEN, }

feb. 14. 3awtf

JOHN MILLER, junr.

HAS REMOVED FROM NO. 8, CHESNUT,

To the Five Story Building, in Dock, near Third-street,

WHERE HE HAS FOR SALE,

300 Bales of Bengal Goods;

CONSISTING OF

COSSAS
Baftas
Mamoodies
Humhums
Taffaties
Striped Doreas
Calicoes
Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.

Also, a large assortment of

Madras Handkerchiefs,

of various descriptions.

January 1 1awtf

Copper Warehouse,

Late ALEXANDER BISLAND, & Co.

No. 201, MARKET-STREET,

ROBERT KID,

HAVING purchased the Stock of the above firm, Solicits the patronage of the public and their friends; where they may depend on being served on the very best terms with the following goods:

—*viz.*—

A general assortment of Copper Bottoms and Sheets, for Copper Smiths and other purposes,
Pig and Bar Lead,
Block Tin and Crowley Steel,
Tin in Boxes, and Brass Kettles in Nests,
With a large and general assortment of Ironmongery;

feb. 16. d1w w&stf

FOR SALE

By SIMON WALKER,

Pine, near Fifth-street,

WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders, 6 1-2 feet long, 20 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed ditto—6 pounders, 5 1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. complete;

Carronades on sliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6 1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each;

Boarding Pikes and Cutlasses;

English Cannon Powder;

Copper Sheathing Nails, Spikes and Bolts;

6, 9 12, 18 and 24lb. round Shot;

6, 9, 18 and 24lb. double-headed do.

9, 18 and 24lb. Cannister Shot.

Also—a quantity of best English, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles,

Taunton Ale in casks of 7 dozen each.

march 8. 2aw tf

PROPOSALS,

BY THE

Insurance Company of North America.

For INSURANCE against FIRE, on Dwelling-Houses, Ware-Houses, and other Buildings (and on Goods contained in such Buildings) distant from Philadelphia, in the United States.

I. Common Insurances, on hazards of the first class, will be undertaken at a premium of about half per cent. per annum. For extra hazardous risques a larger premium will be required, which will vary according to circumstances, seldom exceeding one per cent. per annum; but in some instances, where the property insured is not only in itself extra hazardous, but rendered still more so by the vicinity of extra hazardous buildings and occupations, the premium demanded will be raised according to circumstances.

Houses and Ware-Houses, the walls and partitions of which are wholly of stone or brick, well constructed, so as to be guarded as well as may be against fires from within, and free from extra hazardous buildings and occupations in their neighborhood, will be deemed hazardous of the first class, and may be insured to their full value.

Also Goods and Merchandize, not of an extra hazardous kind, in casks, bales, or packages, deposited in such buildings, to an amount not exceeding 4000 dollars; but if more than this sum is required to be insured in one tenement, an additional premium will be required, in proportion to circumstances.

II. Insurances will also be made on buildings and goods extra hazardous, at premiums proportioned to the risque. But it is not easy to arrange these under particular heads or classes, so as to describe each with the necessary accuracy. Each case must therefore be decided upon according to the circumstances attending it; and these circumstances will, in general, appear from the description accompanying the application.

Buildings partly constructed of brick or stone, are preferable to those wholly wooden. And in both cases, the stile of building, how they are occupied, how they are situated, the neighboring buildings, and how occupied, are considerations to be taken into view. And with respect to goods, their tendency, whether from their nature, or from the manner in which they are exposed, either to commence or to increase an accidental fire, and their liability in such state to receive damage by wet, or by sudden and hasty removal, or to be stolen in time of confusion and hurry, are all circumstances of weight; and the premiums must be proportioned accordingly.

III. The following conditiont are to be understood by the parties.

1st. The Insurance is not binding till the stipulated premium be paid; but it shall be deemed effectual from the time of such payment and acceptance thereof, whether the policy be immediately signed or not.

2d. Insurances may be renewed at the expiration of the term of the policy, without further expense than the payment of the premium of the renewed term, the circumstances continuing the same as they were understood by the Insurers at the time the former insurance was made; but the payment of the premium is essential to such renewal; and if the party insured suffers any time to elapse after the expiration of the former insurance, before he pays a premium for the renewal, he is not insured during such time; nor can the insurance be renewed on the former policy but by computing the commencement of the renewal from the expiration of the former insurance. The subject of insurance may nevertheless be open to treaty for a new insurance.

3d. If any other insurance be made on the same property; it must be made known at the time of application, otherwise the policy made on such application will be void.

4th. Goods held in trust, or on consignment, may be insured as such in a separate policy; but they are not to be considered as insured otherwise.

5th. This company will not be liable or accountable for any loss or damage occasioned by any foreign invasion; or by any military or usurped force; or by reason of any civil commotion; or occasioned by gunpowder, aquafortis or other thing of the like kind kept in the building, or amongst the property insured.

6th. Bills of Exchange, Bonds and other Securities, Title Deeds, Money, Bank and other promissory Notes, are not included in any insurance; nor are paintings, medals, jewels, gems, antique curiosities, or mirrors exceeding the value of twenty-five dollars each, to be considered as insured unless particularly mentioned and by special agreement.

7th. No insurance will be made for a shorter term than one year, nor for a longer term than seven years. Persons choosing to insure for seven years shall be allowed one year's premium by way of discount: One third of a years premium shall be abated in like manner on an insurance for three years.

8th. Losses sustained by fire on property insured, shall be paid in thirty days after due proof and liquidation thereof, without deduction.

A description of the property to be insured will be expected with each application, to be made by a master carpenter and signed by him, as well as by the owner of the building or applicant for insurance, and attested before a Notary or principal Magistrate, who will certify his knowledge of the parties and their credibility.

With respect to Houses and other Buildings.

1st. The site and position; describing the street or road on or near which the building stands; its contiguity to water, and other circumstances relative to the extinguishment of fire in case of accident; and particularly whether any and what fire companies are established, and engines provided, in the place or neighbourhood.

2d. The materials of which it is built, whether of brick, stone or wood, and what part of each, as well as to the outside walls as inside or partition walls, and their respective height and thickness; the style of the roof and of what materials; how secured by battlements or party walls; what kind of access to the top of the house and to the chimnies; whether any and what electric rods; the number and kind of fire places; and the kind of deposit for ashes.

3d. The dimensions of the building and how divided, and the style in which it is finished so as to enable indifferent persons to judge in what manner it is to be repaired or rebuilt in case of injury; the age and condition of the building, and how occupied, whether merely as a dwelling house, or for any other, and for what purpose; also an estimate of the value of the house or building independent of the ground.

4th. The situation with respect to other buildings or back buildings, whether adjoining or not, comprehending at least one hundred feet each way: what kind of buildings are within that distance, how built, of what materials, and how occupied or improved, whether as dwellings for private families or otherwise: whether any and what trade or manufactory is carried on, and particularly whether there be any extra hazardous articles used, or usually deposited in the house, or within the distance aforesaid, and of what kind.

Respecting *goods* in Houses, Warehouses, &c.

1. A general description of the building in which they are kept will be expected, similar in all respects, as to the danger from fire, with that required for Insurance on the buildings themselves.

2. A description of the kinds and nature of the goods, whether in casks or other packages, or opened; and whether displayed in whole pieces or in the usual form for retailing. And if the goods vary materially in kind, a general estimate of the value of each kind proposed to be insured; but in the last particular minuteness of description is not expected.

3. Articles of the following kinds are deemed extra-hazardous, though in various degrees, in whatever building they may be placed, viz. pitch, tar, turpentine, rosin, wax, tallow, oil, inflammable spirits, sulphur, hemp, flax, cotton, dry goods of an inflammable kind, opened.—Glass, china ware or procelain, especially unpacked; Looking glasses, jewelery; and all other articles more than commonly inflammable, or more than commonly liable to injury by sudden removal or by moistures, or particularly obnoxious to theft on an alarm of fire.

Letters post paid, directed to the Secretary of the Board of Directors, will be duly attended to. An *order* for Insurance accompanied by the means of paying the premium, will be immediately executed on the premium being paid. If the application contain an *enquiry* only, is will be answered.

By order of the Board,

Ebenezer Hazard, sec'ry.

Office of the Insurance Company *of* North America; *Philad. Feb.* 1, 1798.

feb 1

Notice is hereby given,

THAT separate proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Department of War, until the expiration of the 25th of July next ensuing, for the supply of all rations, which may be required for the use of the United States, from the first day of October, 1799, to the thirtieth day of September, 1800, both days inclusive, at the places and within the two districts herein after first mentioned; and also that separate proposals will be received at the said office until the expiration of the 25th day of July next ensuing, for the supply of all rations which may be required as aforesaid, from the first day of January in the year 1800, to the thirty-first day of December in the same year, both days inclusive, at the place and within the several states herein after mentioned, viz.

First—Proposals to supply all rations, that may be required, at Oswego; at Niagara; at Presqu'isle; at Michilimackinac; at Fort Franklin; at Le Bœuf; at Cincinnati; at Picque town, and Loramies stores; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance, on the Miami river to Lake Erie, at Fort Knox, and Ouatanon on the river Wabash; at Massac; at any place or places on the east side of the river Mississippi, above the mouth of the river Ohio, and upon the Illinois river.

Second—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required, at any place or places, on the east side of the Mississippi river, below the mouth of the river Ohio to the southern boundary of the state of Kentucky and within the said state; at Knoxville; at all other posts and places within the state of Tennessee; at South West Point; at Tellico Block-house, at St. Stephens on the river Tombigby and any place or places within the Cherokee boundaries; below the southern boundary of the state of Tennessee and within the boundary of the United States.

Third—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required, at Point-Petre; at Coleraine; at Savannah, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the state of Georgia; at all forts or stations on the Oconnee and Alatamaha, and at all other places in the Creek Nation, within the limits of the United States, where troops are or may be stationed.

Fourth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Johnson, at Fort Pinckney, at Charleston, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited in the state of South Carolina.

Fifth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at the Fort at Wilmington, Cape Fear; at Beacon Island, Ocracock; at Charlotte; at Fayetteville, at Salisbury, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited in the state of North Carolina.

Sixth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Norfolk, at Portsmouth, at Kempsville, at Charlotteville, at Winchester, at Staunton, at Richmond, at Alexandria, at Leesburg, at Fredericksburg, at Cartersville, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited, in the state of Virginia.

Seventh—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort M'Henry, at Baltimore, at Annapolis, at Frederick town, at Leonard town, at Hagers town, at Bladensburg, at George town, at Harper's ferry, at Eastown, at the Head of Elk, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Maryland.

Eighth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Mifflin, at Philadelphia, at Darby, at Lancaster, at Wilkesbarre, at Reading, at Bristol, at Yorktown, at Carlisle, at Lewistown (Mifflin county) at Bedford, at Greensburg, at Washington, at Eastown, at Wilmington, at Christiana, at Dover, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the states of Pennsylvania and Delaware, except the posts within the state of Pennsylvania, enumerated in the first proposals aforesaid.

Ninth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Hackensac, at Elizabeth town, at New-Brunswick, at Burlington, at Woodbury, at Trenton, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Jersey.

Tenth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at New-York, at West-Point, at Flushing, at Haerlem, at West-Chester, at Poughkeepsie, at Kenderhook, at Stillwater, at Newburg, at Albany, at Conejoharie, at Cherry Valley, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of New York, except the posts within the said state enumerated in the first proposals aforesaid.

Eleventh—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Hartford, at Hebron, at New London, at Brooklynn, at Wyndham, at Litchfield at Guilford, at New-Haven, at Fairfield, at Danbury, at Middletown, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of Connecticutt.

Twelfth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Fort Wolcott, at Brinton's Point, at Newport, at Providence, and at any place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits the of state of Rhode-Island.

Thirteenth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Portland in the District of Maine Gloucester, Cape Ann, Salem, Marblehead, Boston, at Springfield, at Uxbridge, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the state of Massachusetts.

Fourteenth—Proposals to supply all rations that may be required at Portsmouth, at Exeter, at Windsor, at Bennington, at Rutland, or at any Fort, place or places, where troops are or may be stationed, marched or recruited within the States of New-Hampshire and Vermont.

The Ration to be supplied, is to consist of the following articles, viz. Eighteen ounces of bread or flour, or when neither can be obtained, of one quart of rice, or one and a half pound of sifted or bolted indian meal, one pound and a quarter of fresh beef, or one pound of salted beef, or three quarters of a pound of salted Pork, and when fresh meat is issued, salt, at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations, soap at the rate of four pounds, and candles at the rate of a pound and a half for every hundred rations.

It is expected the proposals will also extend to the supply of rum, whiskey, or other ardent spirits at the rate of half a gill per ration, and Vinegar at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations. The proposals will specify the price of the several component parts of the ration, as well as those of substitutes or alternatives for parts thereof.

The rations are to be furnished in such quantities as that there shall at all times, during the term of the proposed contracts, be sufficient for the consumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit Niagara and Oswego, for six months in advances, and at each of the other posts on the western waters, for at least three months in advance, of good and wholesome provisions, if the same shall be required. It is also to be permitted to all and every of the commandants of fortified places, or posts, to call for at seasons when the same can be transported, or at any time in case of urgency, such supplies of like provisions in advance, as in the discretion of the commandant shall be deemed proper. It is to be understood that the contractor is to be at the expence and risk of issuing the supplies to the troops, and that all losses, sustained, by the depredations of an enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid for at the price of the article captured or destroyed, on the depositions of two or more persons of creditable characters, and the certificate of a commissioned officer, ascertaining the circumstances of the loss, and the amount of the articles, for which compensation shall be claimed.

The privilege is to be understood to be reserved to the United States of requiring, that none of the supplies which may be furnished under any of the proposed contracts shall be issued, until the supplies which have or may be furnished under contracts now in force have been consumed, and that a supply in advance may be always required at any of the fixed posts on the Sea-board or Indian frontiers not exceeding three months.

JAMES M'HENRY,
Secretary of War.

march 29

FOR CHARTER.

To Jamaica or the Havanna, out only,

The Brigantine

J A M E S.

JACOB C. RAMBO, master.

Carries about 800 barrels.

If not chartered in a few days, will take in freight

For NEW-ORLEANS.

ENQUIRE OF

John Skyrin,

No. 96, North Front-street.

may 2 d6t

Notice, agreeably to Charter,

IS hereby given, to the Members of "the Corporation for the relief of the poor and distressed Presbyterian Ministers, and of the poor and distressed Widows and Children of Presbyterian Ministers, that a meeting of said Corporation is to take place, on Wednesday the 22d day of the present month, in the Second Presbyterian Church in the city of Philadelphia, at 4 o'clock, P. M. for the dispatch of all such business as may be brought before the board.

ASHBEL GREEN,
Sec'ry of the Corporation.

may 2, 1799. dt22ins

LANDING,

From the Schooner Sally,

At Massey's Wharff.

a quantity of First Quality

Surinam Cotton & Coffee.

for sale by

ISAAC HARVEY, jun.

No. 9, South Water-street

ALSO ON HAND,

Russia Duck, first quality
Aux Cayes Molasses,
Packages of Men and Women's Combs.

may 1 d2w

UNITED STATES, } ss.
Pennsylvania District. }

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of Writs to me directed by the Hon. Richard Peters, Esq. Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania district, will be exposed to public sale at the Custom-house, in the City of Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 16th day of May, (instant.

1 barrel of Sugar
2 barrels of Molasses
3 chests of Sugars
3 and a part of a bag of Coffee
1 small box of Coffee
2 bags of Sugar
2 small casks and
11 jars Tamarinds
4 kegs do
1 keg Sugar
2 hogsheads of Rum
7 casks of distilled spirits
4 boxes of Sugar
A quantity of Queens Ware
2 Looking Glasses
13 Pictures
4 Salt Cellars
1 Needle and Thread Case
4 Loaves of Sugar.

The same having been libelled against, prosecuted and condemned as forfeited in the said Court.

William Nichols, marshal.

Marshal's Office, }
1st May, 1799. }

ELECTION.

Pennsylvania Hospital,
4th mo. 4, 1799.

The *Contributors* to this institution, are hereby notified, agreeably to the Charter of Incorporation, that a general election will be held at the Hospital on the 6th day of the 5th month 1799, being the second day of the week, at 3 o'clock, P. M. for twelve Managers, and a Treasurer for the ensuing year.

By order of a Board of Managers.

SAMUEL COATES, Sec'ry.

eodt6m

NOTICE

To the Creditors of William Richards, Deceased.

THE real estate of William Richards having been recently sold, the creditors of said estate are requested to furnish their accounts immediately, as a dividend will be struck on the first day of May next and paid at any time afterwards, on application to

WILLIAM BELL.

Philadelphia, 25th Feb. 1799.

Foreign Intelligence.

Received at Norfolk by the ship Planter, captain King, from Bristol.

LONDON, February 9.

The passengers who arrived in the cartel ship on Wednesday, at Dover, from Gravelines, report, that two villages in the Netherlands were reduced to ashes by the French in the course of the preceding week, and the wretched inhabitants put to the sword.

The advices from India by the last ships state, that Tippoo Saib was placing himself in a warlike attitude, under the expectation no doubt that the French army in Egypt would have made some farther progress than it has been able to do. There can be no question that a combination exists between the two powers, but as no apprehensions of danger are now entertained from the French, it is probable that Tippoo's preparation will cease as soon as he learns the difficulties which his friends have to encounter for their own preservation.

Government has, however, taken every prudent precaution to augment our military force in India—and accordingly a detachment of 2000 men from the Cape embarked in the beginning of November for the different presidencies, under convoy of the Sceptre and Raisonable men of war.

The voluntary contributions from the East-Indies amount to upwards of 200,000l.

It is reported, that the duke of Dorset has resigned his place of lord steward of his majesty's household. The earl of Westmoreland is mentioned as his successor.

February 16.

Several neutral ships have, within these few days, arrived in England, which sailed from Holland without their cargoes, in consequence of a general rumour that prevailed there, that an embargo was about to be laid in all the ports of that republic.

The master of a vessel just arrived from the Texel, reports, that he looked into that harbour the beginning of last week, and saw twenty five ships of war, of various descriptions, many of which appeared to be in a very forward state of equipment;—but the whole were so completely frozen up, that the least movement was impracticable.

The French merchandize and property put under the seal in Turkey, and ordered to be sold for the use of the public Treasury, is valued at thirty millions of piasters, or about five millions and a half pounds sterling.

Among other new arrangements, the following are talked of as likely soon to take place: Sir George Young is to be appointed Governor of the Cape of Good Hope, in the room of Lord Macartney;—Mr. Steele to be master of the Mint;—Lord Hawkesbury to be joint Paymaster;—Mr. Canning to succeed Lord Hawkesbury as one of the Commissioners of the board of controul.

February 18.

Paris papers were received on Friday by express, from the 27th ult. to the 9th inst. with the exception of the dates of the 4th and 5th inst. They were brought in a cartel from Calais, in which colonel Cunningham of the Guards came passenger. The contents of these papers are highly important; for a very short time indeed must now determine the question of peace or war between the emperor and France.

While the court of Vienna has been continuing its tedious and unavailing negociations at Rastadt, at the same time that it made appearances of preparations for war, the Executive Directory has obtained by an artful management and hypocrisy every thing it wanted. Having gained the necessary time required to assemble its new levies, to overthrow the government of Piedmont and Naples, and to get possession of the fortress of Ehrenbreitstein, which has been starved into a surrender, the Directory now assumes a very menacing and peremptory tone towards the emperor. On the 1st inst. the French plenipotentiaries at Ratstadt signified to the count Lehrbach, his minister, in the quality of king of Hungary and Bohemia, that if within 15 days from that date, his majesty did not make the Russian troops evacuate Austria, the directory would order its troops to recommence hostilities. Thus do we see the emperor, according to custom, always behind hand in taking advantage of circumstances, and now forced in a humiliating manner to have the very day dictated to him by his enemies, on which he shall be compelled to take up arms, or conclude a disgraceful peace. If he should acquiesce, and order the Russian troops to quit his dominions, the next demand of the Directory may probably be, that his majesty should abdicate his throne!

The disputes between the Bar of Ireland and the Chancellor has been put an end to, in consequence of the advice of the late prime serjeant, who recommended to the Bar to give up the contest.

The *Anti Unionists* have been very successful in their endeavors to procure addresses against the Union.

Arthur O'Connor has been removed from Kilmainham prison to the Newgate of Dublin, in order to separate him from the other state prisoners. M'Nevin is removed to the Castle Tower, and Emmett is in close custody at Kilmainham.

February 19.

The subscription for the Irish Speaker already amounts to 12,000l.

Prince Frederick of Orange died at Venice on the 6th ult. and was buried with great funeral pomp on the 10th. General de Mercantin, and all the officers of the staff of the army of Italy, with detachments from the regiments of Wartensleben, de Preiss, and Lobkowitz, attended in the procession. A letter from Venice mentions that the death of this gallant young prince has caused the greatest affliction throughout the army, as his talents and bravery were superior.

Notwithstanding the system of plunder uniformly practised by the agents of Directory, from the banks of the Rhine to those of the Nile, they have failed in supplying its pressing exigencies. It was at the instance of the Executive government that the tax on Salt, which had from its amount and the inequality of its distribution among the different provinces, caused general complaints and remonstrances under the monarchy, was proposed to be renewed. The total suppression of this duty had procured many adherents to the national assembly, and the revival of it was opposed in several successive sittings of the Council of Five Hundred, by a considerable number of members, among whom Lucien Buonaparte particularly distinguished himself.

The Directory, finding its influence insufficient to carry this important measure, was obliged to have recourse to its customary manœuvre of sending a message to the council, representing the finances of the country in the most miserable and exhausted state.

M. de Puisaye has not been very fortunate in his object of founding a new colony in the back settlements of America. On his arrival at Canada, all the artificers who went out with him, left him, having offers of other employment.

The French are reported to have intercepted a letter, written by Lord Nelson, previous to the king of Naples's hostile march into the Roman territories, promising from this kingdom every assistance. A copy of this letter, it is added has been sent by the Executive Directory to the agent for French prisoners, accompanied with instructions, to ask of this government, if, from their friendship for his Sicilian majesty, they were willing to exchange French for Neapolitan prisoners.—This request, it is further stated, was laid before the Transport Board a few days; but no answer has yet been returned.

The Clef du Cabinet of the 2d of February, hints the plan for the conquest of Portugal. A letter from Madrid, in that paper, says, "We are assured that our court, at last consents to the expedition which the French have for a long time wished to undertake against Portugal, and that it has expressed a desire that the French army destined for this expedition should be intrusted to General Perignon, who resided here two years as ambassador from France, and from whom our Court appears to have preserved a particular esteem."

The latest accounts from the Netherlends state, that the insurgents had issued a proclamation addressed to the French soldiers, in which they invite them to join them in opposition to the tyranny which now oppresses France, and declare themselves willing to establish a cartel for the exchange of soldiers on both sides; but as the officers of the insurgents had been put to death by the French commander, they determine to avenge their deaths on the French officers, several of whom they had in consequence put to death.

Sir John Parnell's resignation of the office of Chancellor of Exchequer in Ireland, took place in consequence of his determination to oppose the question of the Union as will be seen by the following letter from the Lord Lieutenant to the hon. Baronet:

Phenix Park, Jan. 15, 1799.

"Dear Sir,

"Having maturely reflected on the conversation which passed between us yesterday, it is with sincere concern that I feel myself under the necessity of acquainting you, I cannot, consistently with the duty I owe to the public, submit to the parliament a proposition, in which the future interests and security of the British empire are so deeply involved, unless it is to be supported by the person who holds the office of Chancellor of the Exchequer.

I have the honor to be, Sir, &c.

CORNWALLIS."

Lord Carhampton, who is reported to have lost his situation of Master General of the Ordnance, in Ireland, is expected to be succeeded by capt. Pakenham, the present Lieutenant General of the Ordinance.

The number of strangers who have lately flocked to Dublin from the provinces is so great, that measures are about to be taken to ascertain the the population of that city.

A subscription has been entered into by the citizens of Dublin, for the purpose of erecting a marble pillar, on which are to be engraved the names of such men as shall distinguished themselves in opposing the measure of the proposed Union.

Lord Castlereagh and the Irish Chancellor are the most staunch supporters of the measure of the proposed Union.

February 20.

It was yesterday currently reported in the city, and we hope the report will prove true, that a cutter belonging to Lord St. Vincent's fleet had singly captured a rich Acapulco ship, laden with ingots of silver. This will be a fortune to the officers of the cutter and to all the seamen. Lord St. Vincent will be entitled to an eighth.

NOTICE.

THE Public are requested not to receive any drafts, notes, obligations or bills of any kind drawn in favor of or indorsed by

Abijah Hunt.
J. & A. Hunt.
Jesse & Abijah Hunt.
Jeremiah & Abijah Hunt.
Abijah & Jno. W. Hunt.
Snodgrass, & Co.

Those on whom they are drawn are also desired to suspend acceptance, until reference be had to the subscriber.

About twenty thousand Dollars of bills of the above description having been taken from the carrier near the mouth of Tennessee river by a party of Indians. SAMUEL MEEKER.

april 26. tu th&f tf

To be Let,

TWO HOUSES,

No. 151 and No. 153, on the East side of Second street, near Spruce street, and three Grass Lots near the city. For terms, apply to

CHARLES WHARTON,
No. 136, South Second street.

Who has for Sale,

Five boxes of Lenaws
One hundred boxes of Tea China
Black, blue and colored Lutestrings
Silk Umbrellas, &c. &c.

may 1 ¶ eo3t

IRELAND.

LORDS' COMMITTEE OF SECRECY.

THE ADDRESS

Of the United Britions to the United Irishmen, proved and alluded to in the evidence of John Hughes.

UNITED BRITONS, to the UNITED IRISHMEN.

FELLOW-MEN!

ANXIOUS to diſſipate thoſe prejudices, which a miſtaken and intereſted policy has artfully diffuſed to prevent an UNION of ſentiment and mutuality of opinion from being held by the people of England and Ireland; we in the name of the former (with whoſe ſentiments we are acquainted, and whoſe confidence we poſſeſs) declare that we will by every poſſible means promote the emancipation of both countries. To forward this great object we offer you our confidence, and in return demand yours.

Though laboring under the yoke of the ſame oppreſſors, the ſiſter countries have been differently treated. Ireland has been always the object of direct and open violence, England of fraud—Ireland has been robbed, England has been cheated. One uniform plan—diviſion—has been carried on in both. Sacrificed as Ireland has been to the ambition of England, the idea of her being treated as a free country was too groſs to be obtruded upon the meaneſt underſtanding; but England, whoſe avarice was flattered by the deſpicable lure of excluſive trade, greedily ſwallowed the bait. She was taught to believe that riches flowed upon her, while poverty was ſecretly inſinuating itſelf into her very vitals.

Amidſt mock contentions for liberty, and real ones for plunder, ſhe vainly imagined herſelf free, and was thereby induced to pay the intereſt of a debt, of greater amount than the value of the whole landed property of the country, without reflecting that bankruptcy, however late, muſt be the conſequence of an overſtretched credit. That bankruptcy has arrived.

The religious diſſentions between Catholic and Proteſtant in Ireland (whoſe opinions admit of a real diſtinction) and the party ſquabbles between Whig and Tory in England (whoſe political ones admit of none) were aſſiduouſly fomented. The people were divided about the ſhadow till they loſt the ſubſtance. The plan of oppreſſion was ſyſtematically directed throughout both countries to the ſame object though in apparent oppoſition. In Ireland revenue was only raiſed to be laviſhed in unmerited penſions, without the inſult of pretended national advantage—in England the veil of fraud was neceſſary to cheat the people of large ſums, under the plauſible pretext of public neceſſity. The undiſguiſed oppreſſions of Ireland by rendering ſubſiſtence precarious to the poor, have made her a conſtant hot bed for the ſatellites of tyranny; but in England occaſional crops could only be raiſed when the flame of war unuſually forced the ſoil. This marked diſtinction in the treatment of the countries has produced as marked a difference in the characters of the two nations—Ireland has acquired that of manly openneſs, England that of mean diſguiſe.

England, though abuſed with forms, has never been without ſincere friends to ſubſtantial liberty. Among them a number of dark and deſigning characters have always intruded; and their conduct has furniſhed ſuch a tiſſue of apoſtacy, that general apathy had nearly ſucceeded to general diſtruſt.

Various political ſocieties have been inſtituted for the purpoſe of reform; but of theſe, few could boaſt purity of principles, or integrity of leaders. Formerly, Richmond headed the votaries of univerſal ſuffrage, Fox thoſe of repreſentation by houſeholders, and Pitt thoſe who wiſhed to diſfranchiſe the corrupt boroughs, to throw their proportion of repreſentation into the counties; but theſe have vaniſhed. The ſociety of the friends of the people, and that for conſtitutional information, have diſcontinued their exertions. The London correſponding and other ſocieties, in union with it, have ariſen upon their ruins, and as univerſal good is their baſis, we doubt not, but ſupported by numbers and principles, they will not be wanting in the hour of danger.

The Iriſh, always an heroic people, had, during the American war, become an armed nation. They took up arms for defence, and undertook the cauſe of reform for ſecurity. England, likewiſe, engaged in the cauſe of reform, but her efforts were weak, as ſhe had not endured ſufficient to convince her of the neceſſity of union. The efforts of a number of eminent perſons in both countries in the cauſe of freedom, were inſufficient, becauſe prejudice yet prevailed, and men were unawakened to their juſt rights and true intereſts.

The apoſtacy of ſeveral leaders in the public cauſe, added to the infamous coalition, ſmothered, for a long time, the flame of liberty; till the French revolution again fanned its dying embers into a glow, which, we hope and truſt will never be extinguiſhed.

The conduct of the two countries, on this important event, diſplayed a ſtriking contraſt. Ireland, who by her arms, had extorted from the Engliſh Government ſome fragments of her rights, ſeemed ready in the ſame manner to demand the reſt. England alſo formed ſocieties, whoſe object was emancipation, but who hoped it might be obtained by reaſon; alas! they overrated its force.

The diſarming bill in Ireland, the treaſon and ſedition bills in England, and their conſequences in both countries, need hardly be mentioned. On the people they have bro't chains, on the Government irreconcilable hatred. One good effect has, however, reſulted from mutual ſufferings, and mutual commiſeration; the prejudice of nations is done away, and the Engliſh burn with deſire to hail the Iriſh as Freemen and as Brethren.

Our numbers are immenſe, our influence ſtill more conſiderable, and our ſentiments accord with yours. We are unthinned by the Tyranny of the Law or the Sword; 'tis true we have had our fears and our jealouſies; Spies and Informers have been introduced among us, but all theſe have ſerved only to point out more clearly the men who are worthy of truſt; and in theſe, whether rich or poor we have the higheſt confidence.

Our delegate is entruſted to lay before you our whole proceedings; we, therefore, decline entering into particulars in the preſent addreſs. We have repoſed confidence in you and ſhall expect ſuch a return as you may think our integrity and talents deſerve. We doubt not but you will, with us, ſee the propriety of eſtabliſhing unlimited confidence or declining our interference as fruitleſs: ſhould you think our ſituation, our influence and our opportunities calculated to ſerve the common cauſe, rely upon our diligence, our zeal, and our fidelity.

With beſt wiſhes, for the amelioration of the condition of man, and hopes, that your exertions and virtues, aided by an United People, will ſpeedily emancipate your country, we remain in the bonds of brotherhood and union. Your's fraternally

Friday, February 5, 1798. (*Seal.*)

PARIS, January 10.

OF ST. DOMINGO.

We know as yet nothing certain reſpecting the preſent ſituation of the colony of St. Domingo, or of the opinion which ought to be entertained of the return of general Hedouville to France. This general is now preparing a report on the ſubject, which he has been required to make by the miniſter of marine.

Meanwhile the following are ſome facts which have been made public on this ſubject. General Hedouville was, it is ſaid, diſpleaſed with the capitulation of Port-au-Prince, Touſſaint having permitted the braſs cannon, &c. to be carried off. Hedouville was therefore deſirous of treating perſonally for the evacuation of the Mole; he concluded a capitulation upon more advantageous terms The Engliſh conſented to ſurrender the place with the cannon; and agreed alſo that the emigrants ſhould be removed.

A proclamation of Hedouville, conformable to this article, was poſted up at the Mole with the conſent of general Maitland; but Touſſaint Louverture complained to Hedouville, that he had not been employed in treating. General Maitland ordered the proclamation to be taken down, and declared, at the inſtigation of Touſſaint it is ſaid, that he would not adhere to the treaty. Touſſaint was then ſent to treat. The Engliſh received him with an eclat which formed a ſingular contraſt with the prejudice of their nation.

The prieſt, followed by a troop of the faithful, came to meet him, under a canopy with the hoſt, &c. The general then gravely accepted a place by the ſide of the pontiff; and in entering the Mole carried himſelf the precious burthen, which the ſeduced multitude adored with as much piety as fanaticiſm. A ſuperb tent was erected for him in the parade, where Maitland gave him a magnificent entertainment, after which he made the Engliſh troops paſs in review before him. He was preſented, in the name of the king of England with two culverines in brouze, and with the houſe called the government, which the Engliſh had built. Touſſaint was ſo pleaſed with his reception, that on his return to Port de Paix, he ſaid loudly, that 'the republic had never done him ſo much honor as the king of England had.'

Meanwhile he openly protected the emigrants. He maintained count O'Gorman, the marquis de Contades, the viſcount de Bougues, &c. in the military rank which they had received from the Engliſh. He fomented partial inſurrections, directed againſt the warehouſes of thoſe whom he knew to be devoted to the republic. He chiefly employed a perſon named Moyſe, who is his nephew in this latter kind of machination. Moyſe commanded at Fort Liberty, formerly Fort Dauphin. In the night between the 21ſt and the 22d Vendemiaire laſt, he beat to arms in the Fort, and his regiment came out of their barracks, crying out that it was intended to murder their commander. The night however paſſed, as did alſo the day, and the next day, without a drop of blood being ſhed

The agent of the Directory, informed of this conſpiracy, ordered Touſſaint Louverture to proceed to Fort Liberty, and to arreſt Moyſe and the other ſeditious perſons; but inſtead of obeying this order, the general concerted with theſe brigands the aſſembling of an army of 12,000 men, and in the night of the 30th of the ſame month, or the 1ſt of Brumaire, he ſurrounded the town of the Cape, took poſſeſſion of the forts, and fired the cannon of alarm, without having given general Hedouville any notice of his intention.

Hedouville not having a ſufficient number of troops at his diſpoſal to reduce the rebels went with his ſuite on board the frigates, and ſailed for France, accompanied by the general of brigade Leveilles, commandant of the Cape, and the ex-conventioniſt Belley commander of the colonial Gend'armerie. The day after he ſailed, Touſſaint cauſed Te Deum to be ſung, and thus remained maſter of the field of battle.

PARIS.

In a late ſitting of the council of ancients, Garat preſented a poſthumous work of Condorcet, intituled, *Certain means* of teaching Arithmetic to children. "This production," ſaid Garat, "the title of which announces that it is deſtined only for infants, is the fruit of the meditations of one of our moſt celebrated Geometricians. It contains at once the elements of calculation and of logic. The ground of the calculations is explained by clear and eaſily underſtood demonſtrations well ſuited to the underſtanding of children. This is a very great advantage, as the common rules are only retained in a fugitive manner by the memory, without yielding a conviction to the mind; which, reſting altogether upon an artificial ſtrength, neglects thoſe powers that are properly its own, and accuſtoms itſelf to proceeed in a manner purely mechanical. The amiable and unfortunate author ſent this treatiſe, ſheet by ſheet, to his wife, to whoſe religious cares we owe the preſervation of this laſt work of the beſt and moſt enlightened of republicans."

In the early part of this month, a battalion of French troops, on its march to Italy, was overtaken by a violent ſtorm, on its way over what is called the maritime Alps, in the narrow paſſes which lead from Nice to Tenda. The brook ſwelled into a torrent, and ſwept away many of the men and all their baggage waggons. The road, which was conſtructed by one of the Princes of Piedmont, was every where interſected with deep ravines, and the whole of the troops muſt have periſhed, if ſome had not found ſhelter in the receſſes admidſt the rocks. Few, however, eſcaped by the means; and it is obſervable, that this diſaſter occurred in a place which from time immemorial, has been called by the inhabitants "The Tomb of the French!"

LONDON.

Captain Vancouver boaſted, in a jocular manner, that he had been nearer the *South Pole* than any other man—for that when the immortal Cook in lat. 72. was ſtopped in his progreſs by impenetrable mountains of ice, and preparing to tack about, he went to the very end of the bow-ſprit and waving his hat, exclaimed, *Ne plus ultra!*

A few days ſince died in an obſcure houſe in the borough—Leeds, a cobler, aged 89, a melancholy example of the viciſſitudes of human life. He was formerly an Officer of rank in the army, but ſold his commiſſion, and became tea dealer. He afterwards quitted this buſineſs, and accepted a commiſſion in the Ruſſian ſervice; but happening to kill a brother officer in a duel, he fled to England, where he had not been long, when, finding his finances exhauſted, he hired himſelf as book keeper to a woollen-draper, and after experiencing many changes and chances, being reduced to the greateſt diſtreſs he turned cobler.

The Tuniſians, in their late barbarous invaſion of the Iſle St. Pierre, near Sardinia, killed upwards of 2000 perſons. Two hundred women, and the ſame number of men, were carried off, together with an immenſe quantity of valuable effects. The reſidence of the Engliſh and French Conſuls were the only houſes that eſcaped pillage. A Lady fled for refuge to the Britiſh Conſul, and another Lady to the French. The former would have been carried away, if our Conſul had not declared her to be his wife: the other Lady was concealed in a ſecret place in the French Conſul's houſe, where ſhe remained till the Barbarians left the iſland.

By a cenſus taken in America, it appears, that whilſt almoſt every other ſect, is diminiſhing in that quarter, Quakeriſm is increaſing.

Monday morning, on opening the Royal Exchange gates, the ſword of Edward III. with the copper guilt crowns adhering to it, was found upon the payment. What a glorious theme for ſuperſtition would this have afforded ſome centuries ago! The downfal of the crowns of France and Scotland would have kept the pens of our great grand-fathers in perpetual motion.

Delaware & Schuylkill Canal Office.

January 25, 1799.

THE Stockholders of the Delaware & Schuylkill Canal Company, are hereby notified and required to pay ten dollars on their reſpective ſhares on or before the 1ſt March next, to the Treaſurer of the Company at their office near the Bank of Pennſylvania.

Extract from the Minutes,

George Worrall, ſecretary.

Wm. Govett, treaſurer.

april 28 d1w

THOMAS RYERSON,

No. 177, North ſide of Market-ſtreet.

OFFERS FOR SALE,

HIS ſtock of Ironmongery, Hardware, &c On very moderate terms,—The Houſe and Store may be had with the goods. This ſtand is unqueſtionably one of the beſt in Philadelphia, in the line it is now occupied, or for the Dry Good buſineſs—The Houſe and Stores are ſpacious, and taken together with the Stable, ptivilege of a large vacant lot and other accomodations make the whole very eligible and convenient—The ſtock of goods although not very conſiderable in point of value, is notwithſtanding very well aſſorted.

At the ſame place may be had,

A pair of excellent, young, and well broken

Family Horſes;

Beſides twelve or fourteen very good, young, ſubſtantial Farm Horſes, bred in the Rate of Tenneſſee.

april 20

Red Clover,
Timothy,
Blue Graſs
Herds Graſs and
White Clover
} *SEEDS,*

All warranted freſh and free from all foul ſeed,

FOR SALE,

BY C. ROBERTS,

No. 97, Market, between Second and Third ſtreets,

Who has alſo on hand, a general aſſortment of

Ironmongery, ſadlery, cutlery and braſs wares; T. Crowley Millington ſteel, pig-lead, block-tin, red lead, Spaniſh brown, Venetian red, Vermillian, &c. &c.

Wholeſale & Retail.

To Printers or Publiſhers.

ONE of the moſt lucrative eſtabliſhments in the above lines of buſineſs in the United States, is now offered for ſale on liberal terms The eſtabliſhment conſiſts of the publication of a very extenſive circulating, commercial News-Paper, in a capital city; and an office furniſhed with letter ſufficient for the execution of other work.

Further particulars may be known on application to A. B. No. 47, north Third-ſtreet; but none, other than principals, or perſons fully enabled to make a purchaſe of ſome conſiderable magnitude will be treated with.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

FRIDAY EVENING, *MAY* 3.

PRICES OF STOCKS

PHILADELPHIA, APRIL 13.

Six Per Cent.	16/4
Three Per Cent.	9/8
Deferred 6 Per Cent.	14/4
BANK United States,	23 percent.
—— Pennſylvania,	21 ditto.
—— North America,	46 ditto
Inſurance comp. N. A. ſhares	31 to 32
—— Pennſylvania, ſhares,	38 to 39
8 per cent Scrip	par

COURSE OF EXCHANGE

On London,	50 1-2 at 30 days
	54 1-2 at 60 a 90 days
Amſterdam,	35 à 37-100 per florin
Hamburgh	30 à 32-100 per Mark Banco.

The delivery of the ANNUAL ORATION before the CHEMICAL SOCIETY, is poſtponeduntil Wedneſday the eighth of May.

Yeſterday morning were conducted into this city, by a detachment of United States' Marines, under the command of lieutenant Carmick, the French priſoners lately confined in Lancaſter jail, amounting to eighty ſix. They were all ſafely lodged in the jail of this city.

Recent advices from St. Kitts ſtate, that commodore Truxton was ſhortly to leave that iſland to cruiſe off Guadaloupe for a French fifty gun ſhip ſaid to be in thoſe waters. [*Bal. Fed. Gaz.*

From a London paper.

Among the many inſtances of the inſtability of all human things, great names, we find, are peculiarly liable to ſad reverſes;—it is not long ſince *William Shakeſpeare* was ſent to Botany Bay for a burglary; and on Wedneſday, *John Milton* was convicted at the Old Bailey of ſtealing bee's wax!

Naſhville, Jan. 14.

By a gentleman juſt arrived from Natchez, we are informed, that the inhabitants of that diſtrict, have it in contemplation to build a veſſel of force, for the uſe of the United States, and that he ſaw upwards of 3,000 dollars ſubſcribed already for that purpoſe.

Gazette Marine Liſt.

Port of Philadelphia,

ARRIVED.

Ship Benjamin Franklin, Jones, Jeremie 21
Brig two Siſters, Darnell, (Dan.) St. Croix
Rambler, Odlin, Honduras.
Jane, Hughes, Honduras,
Schr. Dove, Potter, Virginia, 5
Paragon, Shield, Virginia,
Eliza, Limler, Folly Landing,
Nancy, Dawſon, Georgetown, 8
Succeſs, Barratt, New-York, 8
B. Hollon, Carſon, Surrinam, 37
Phoebe, Cummings, Havanna, 26
Sloop Little Sam, Dukey, Richmond, 9
Morning Star, Pierſon, Richmond,
Eliza, Cottrell, New-York.
Sea Flower, Pearſall, New-York,
Rambler, Johnſon, do. 6

Capt. Jones informs, that a miſunderſtanding ſubſiſted beween Touiſſant and Rigaud, which it was expected would produce very ſerious conſequences. The latter having embodied troops, Touſſaint had ſent him word, if they were not immediately diſbanded, he ſhould conſider it is a declaration of hoſtilities.

The ſhip General Waſhington and Star, ſuppoſed to be taken by the Britiſh, were well armed, and belong to Mr. Daniel Cox, of this city. They ſailed from thence for New Orleans, about the middle of March. Major Cuſhing, appointed to the command of the American ſtation at Natchez, went paſſenger in one of theſe veſſels

Schooner Caroline, Benſon, of and for Baltimore, from Surinam, loſt her mainmaſt in a gale of wind.

New-York, May 1.

Arrived.		Days.
Brig Louiſa, Starr	Surrinam	35
Schr ——, ——	Curracoa	24
Maſſachuſetts, ——	Havanna	
Dorothy, De Sear,	Virginia	3
Sloop Herkemer, Seaman	do	

Ship Fortitude, Kearney, arrived at Bombay 18th September.

The brig Moſes, Myers, has arrived at Jamaica.

Brig Louiſa, Starr, Sunday 28th April, in lat. 40, 00, lon. 72, W. ſpoke brig Suſan, Major Lines, from New-Haven, bound to St. Chriſtophers.

May, 2.

ARRIVED		days
Ship Independence, Andrew,	St Croix	23
Sally, ——,	London	
Brig Friends, Lynch,	Surinam	25
Abby, Parks,	Surinam	—
Schr. Czarina, Brown,	St. Croix	22
——, ——,	Georgia	—
Sloop Almenla, Bird,	Philadelphia	4
Floro, ——	Savannah	—

By the brig Friends, capt. M. Lynch, in 25 days from Surinam, arrived yeſterday.

April 5th, at Brand's Point, Surinam river, ſpoke the ſch. Polly, capt. Frazer, 30 days from ſaid port, and ſch. Ariel of Philadelphia, capt. Heſs, 35 days from St. Thomas. Left at Surinam the following veſſels: ſhip Spy, Philadelphia; brig Paragon, do. brig Delight, do. ſhip Harvey, Salem; brig Defence, Norfolk; brig Two Friends, Portſmouth; ſchooner Betſey, Portland; ſloop Diſpatch, do. brig Fanny, Providence; brig Eliza, Baltimore, ſloop Harriot, Boſton.

The brig Providence, of New-York, capt. Farquhar, ſent in by a French privateer.

April 12, in lat. 17, N. long. 60, 25, W. was ſpoke by the United States, frigate Conſtitution, in company with the Merrimack, bound to Dominico for benefit of convoy, all well.

April 16th, lat. 26, 40, N. long. 63, W. ſpoke the brig Diana, of Philadelphia, 81 days from the River of Plate. Left there the ſhip John of Philadelphia, ſhip Diana, and brig Patriot of Baltimore, and two French frigates.

April 17th, ſpoke the ſchooner Fair Trader, of Norwalk, 13 days from New York, bound to St. Bartholemews, had loſt ſome of his ſpars and ſails in a gale of wind, lat. 27, N. long. 63, N.

April 26, lat. 85. 34, long. 72, 30, ſpoke ſchr. Potomack, of Georgetown, from Surinam, out 26 days, bound to Baltimore.

April 29th, ſpoke the ſchooner Joſeph, of Hartford, from New-London, 36 hours out, all well; with a deck load of cattle.

Laſt evening arrived here from London, the ſhip Sally, Capt. Lockyer, of and bound to Philadelphia. She ſailed from Portſmouth on the 5th of March under convoy in co. with the W. India fleet.

Monday the 11th March, parted from the fleet, in company with the fair American of New-York.

April 9, in long. 70 W. carried away her main-top-maſt in a moderate breeze—The next morning, blowing a heavy gale, the ſhip under courſes and ſtay-ſails, the rudder parted in two pieces at the ſurface of the water.

The enſuing 36 hours employed in making a rudder out of a ſpare top-maſt, and ſundry pieces of timber—a havy ſea running in attempting to ſhip it, was ſtruck by a ſea and broke it.

The ſucceeding 24 hours employed in cutting away a beam for another rudder, the only reſource, deſparate as it was, for the ſalvation of the ſhip. From the loſs of the original rudder, until the latter one was completed, which brought the ſhip into port, ſhe ſuffered extremely in her ſails, rigging, and hull, laying at the mercy of the winds and the ſea.

On the 21ſt of April, in the Gulph Stream, one of the moſt awful ſeas running ever exhibited and encountered by man, occaſioned the ſhip to labor exceſſively, when ſhe ſprung her main and foretop maſt, and ſhipt many heavy ſeas.

In the Sally came paſſenger, Mr. Samuel Moore, merchant, of Derry.

POST-OFFICE,

Philadelphia, April 29, 1799.

LETTERS for the Britiſh Packet Weymouth, for Falmouth, will be received at this office until Tueſday, the 7th May, at 12 o'clock noon.

N. B. The inland poſtage to New-York muſt be paid.

MAIL COACHEES

Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,

LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.

Returning.

Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.

Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted(at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.

Returning.

Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

Seats in the Mail Coachees to be taken in New-York,

At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-ſtreet.

In Philadelphia.

At Francis' Hotel, No. 13, ſouth Fourth-ſtreet, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second ſtreet.

In Baltimore,

At Evans' Tavern.

Fare for Paſſengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.

The Proprietors are not reſponſible for Baggage. LEVI PEASE,

Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co.

Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.

General Poſt-Office, }
May 1. }

This day is publiſhed,

By B. DAVIES, at No. 68, High-ſtreet,

The IV. Number of

The Philadelphia Magazine & Review,

OR,

Monthly Repoſitory of Information and Amuſement,

☞ If the Carrier has neglected to deliver any of the preceding numbers, the ſubſcribers are requeſted to ſend for them, or to leave ſome notice of the omiſſion with the editor, that the deficiency may be immediately ſupplied.

As there are ſome of each number not yet diſpoſed of, thoſe who wiſh to encourage the publication may ſtill be furniſhed with complete ſetts.

Note—Wanted an active truſty Boy, who can write, or at leaſt read writing, to carry out this Magazine, on the firſt day of every month. Apply at the Editor's, as above directed.

may 1. 4t

Received by ſundry late arrivals from Hamburgh and for ſale by the Subſcribers,

Creas a la Morlaix, }
Dowlas, } of different qualities, widths
Platillas. } and prices.

Barcelona Brandy in pipes.

Alſo on Hand,

Old 4th proof Brandy,
Rice,
Ruſſia Horſe Hair, curled and uncurled,
Dg. Deck Nail Rods, and
American Steel.

Iſaac Hazleburſt & Son.

april 30 eod3w

LONDON, January 2, 1799.

500 Guineas Reward.

LOST this evening, between five and six o'clock, in the neighbourhood of *Gracechurch ſtreet*, a BLACK CASE, containing the following

Bank Notes and Drafts,

with ſundry Bills of Exchange, not due:

£1000	No. 1019,	dated 1 Dec.	1798
1010	864,	26 Nov.	Ditto
1000	284,	22 Dec.	Ditto
1000	1713,	27 Oct.	Ditto
1000	1714,	27 Ditto	Ditto

A Draft on Meſſ. Hankey and Co. £53 13s.
Ditto Dorien and Co. 367 7
Ditto Carnet and Co. 30 16
Ditto Stephenſon and Co. 52 4
Ditto Rogers and Co. 33 16
Ditto Preſcot and Co. 37 18
Ditto Harcourt and Co. 27 16
Ditto Smith, Payne and Co. 20 15
Ditto Dorien and Co. £45 7s 6d
Ditto Le Fevre & Co. 112 12 6
Ditto Ditto - - 820 0 0

A bill drawn on Fleming & Wake Bow Lane, by Fleming, & payable to Ormord, dated Nov. 5, two months after date, value £20.—One ditto on Fell, No 32 Old Change, by Hall, and payable to Smith, dated Nov. 30, at two months after date, for £121 19s—One ditto on Saywell & ſons, Wood-ſtreet, by Ball, and payable to Braddock, dated Dec. 19, at two months, for £30.—One ditto on Eden, Wood-ſtreet, by Williams, payable to order, dated Nov. 1. at three months for £30 2s—One ditto on Neale & Co. St. Paul's Church Yard, by Adams, and payable to Kencoright, dated Dec. 7th, at two months, for £14.—One ditto on Stewart, Red Croſs Square, by Young, and payable to Marſhall, dated Nov. 22, at two months, for £33. 2s. 9d.—One ditto on Royd's, Buklerſbury, by Lord, and payable to Jackſon, dated Dec. 3. at two months, for £18.—One ditto on Miller and Co. Gracechurch ſtreet, by Redway, and pryable to Hartley, dated Dec. 6, at two months for £50.—One ditto on Spitta & co. Lawrence Pountney Lane, by Lange, and payable to Hoyle dated Nov. 4, at two months, for £161.

Whoever may have found the above, and will bring them to Meſſrs. Atkinſon & Robſon, No. 2 Weſt End of Royal Exchange, ſhall immediately receive *Five Hundred Guineas* Reward without any further Trouble.

N. B. No greater Reward will be offered, as payment of the whole is ſtopped, and the loſs made known throughout this Country and Continent.

april 19 2aw2m

NOTICE.

THE creditors of TODD & MOTT are requeſted to leave their accounts calculating intereſt to the 22d of November, 1798, the date of Todd and Motts's aſſignment, with W. MOTT, no. 145, Market ſtreet, on or before the firſt of July next, as a dividend will be immediately made after that time; thoſe who neglect to ſend in their accounts will be excluded from that dividend.

John Waddington,
John Rhodes, } Aſſignees.
John Allen

april 13, 1799 taw t1Jy

FOR SALE,

50,000 Acres of LAND,

LYING in the county of Ruſſel, ſtate of Virginia, bounded on the eaſt by the river Clinch, on the ſouth by the river Gueſt, and to the weſt by Sandy river. This tract (ſituate ſix miles from the Courthouſe of the above county, 25 from the town of Abington, is well ſettled, and has likewiſe the advantage of a waggon road) is divided into tracts of 10, 5 and 1500 acres each, and will be ſold, altogether, or in lots, as it may ſuit the purchaſers, by one of the owners who will reſide there during the months of May, June and July next, in order to put them who may become purchaſers in poſſeſſion.

The plots duly authenticated and certified by the ſurveyors, are in the hands of the ſubſcribers. Every ſatisfaction will be given with reſpect to the right, to which the patents give full and ample teſtimony. Great accommodations will be made reſpecting payment, and every neceſſary information may be had, by applying to

F. & A. TUBEUF.

Peterſburg, Feb. 11. 2aw3m

FOR SALE,

At the two mile ſtone, on the Weſſahickon, or Ridge Road,

A Place containing about eighty acres, in parts or the whole together, as may ſuit the purchaſer. There is on the premiſes a houſe 47 1-2 feet front, by 43 1-2 deep, a ſcullery, milk houſe, pump, ice houſe, and farm houſe, a large barn, 60 feet by 32, with ſtalls for 25 horſes and cows, a carriage houſe, and a pump of good water in the barn yard, and a ſecond milk houſe ſupplied by a ſpring. The grounds are well manured, and laid out in good ſtile, with an abundance of ornamental, and fruit trees, the ſituation healthy and high, commanding a view of the city and Delaware. There is alſo a ſmall diſtance from the manſion houſe a farm houſe in good repair, with kitchen, ſtable, &c. and a pump of good water. For terms apply to

SAMUEL MEREDITH.
No. 171, Cheſnut Street.

March 12.

ALL PERSONS,

INDEBTED to the Eſtate of ABRAHAM DICKS, Eſq. late Sheriff of the County of Delaware, are requeſted to make immediate payment, and all thoſe who have demands againſt ſaid Eſtate to authenticate and preſent them for ſettlement. Alſo, all thoſe who have depoſited writings with ſaid deceaſed to apply for them to

WILLIAM PENNOCK. Adm'r.

Springfield, Delaware county, 1ſt mo. 8th, 1799.
jan. 8 1awtf

THE COMMISSIONERS,

APPOINTED by the Corporation to open Books of Subſcription for a Loan to introduce *WHOLESOME WATER* from the River Schuylkill by means of Steam Engines (already contracted for) to the Center Square and from thence to be diſtributed through the City, give

NOTICE,

THAT a book will be opened at the City Hall to-morrow, the 13th inſtant, and will be continued from day to day, until the Loan is compleated, where the commiſſioners will attend from 10 o'clock in the morning until one, to receive ſubſcriptions.

By order of the Board,

Jacob Shoemaker, ſec'y.

2d mo. 12.

N. B. Ten dollars to be paid on each ſhare at the time of Subſcribing.

30 dollars at the expiration of two months } From the time of
30 ditto, ditto, 4 months } ſubſcribing
30 ditto, ditto, 6 months }

A CERTIFICATE of one ſhare of Bank of United States, ſtock ſtanding in the name of DUGAS DE VALLON, having been loſt or miſlaid, application is made at the ſaid Bank for renewal of the ſame; all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice.

Abraham Van Beuren.

march 20. d3m

A Place Wanted.

A SITUATION in a Merchant's Compting Houſe is deſired, for a Youth, of the age of 17, of reputable connections, and poſſeſſing the requiſite acquirements. Apply to the printer.

april 24 eo6t

Mount Pleaſant on Schuylkill.

THE ſubſcriber is willing to ſell the eſtate on which he lives, at the end of the new canal, and about three and a half miles diſtant from this city.

A pleaſant place adjoining is alſo for ſale. Theſe ſituations are too well known to require deſcription, eſpecially as it is preſumed the purchaſer would chooſe to judge for himſelf.——If not ſold before the firſt of May, the manſion houſe is engaged to be let. Enquire on the premiſes.

JON. WILLIAMS.

April 1. eodtf1m

Notice is hereby given,

THAT on Monday the 22d inſt. the appeals on the Direct Tax of the United States, for the firſt and ſecond Diſtricts, in the ſtate of Pennſylvania (containing the city of Philadelphia) will commence in the Eaſt Chamber of the Old City Court Houſe from 10 o'clock in the morning until two o'clock, P. M.

CALEB NORTH,
Principal Aſſeſſor for Diſtrict No. 1.
ISAAC JONES,
Principal Aſſeſſor for Diſtrict No. 2.

Philadelphia, April 19, 1799. d1ſt

To be Sold at Private Sale,

TWO tracts of Land, being the eſtate of doctor Samuel Cooper, lately deceaſed, lying in Talbot county on the Waters of Tuckahoe Creek in the ſtate of Maryland.

One of them immediately on the ſaid creek, is part of a tract called *Hampton*, and part of another tract called *Rich Range*, containing about Two Hundred acres; there are on the ſaid plantation a tolerable good dwelling houſe and kitchen, and ſome uſeful outhouſes, an apple orchard, and a ſpring of excellent water; this place, about five or ſix miles from *Tuckahoe Bridge*, and about four miles from *Kingſtown*, is bounded in part by lands now or lately of William Sherwood, and of Hugh Work, in the heart of the fiſheries, and conveniently ſituated for a perſon in the trading or veſſel line.

The *other* is a *Plantation* one or two miles diſtant from the above, being part of a tract called *Dudleys Choice*, and part of a tract called *Strawbridge*, containing about two hundred and thirty ſeven acres—This place well timbered, is bounded in part by the lands now or lately of William Heyward and thoſe of George Wilſon—there is a dwelling houſe thereon, and ſome other improvements not conſiderable.

The payments will be made eaſy to the purchaſer, or purchaſers, upon ſecurity being given in a ſatisfactory manner.—For terms apply

SAMUEL COATES,
THOMAS MORRIS, } Surviving Executors to Eſtate of Samuel Cooper, deceaſed, in Philadelphia.
ELLISTON PEROT,

Or to TRISTAM NEEDLE, at King's Creek, in Talbot county, Maryland.

april 23 ¶ eod1m

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

On Willings and Francis's Wharf,

200 Gin Caſes,

Alſo, a few bales of Bengal Goods.

G. WILLING.

Feb. 28. 3taw.

NOTICE.

THE Following certificates of ſhares of the ſtock of the Bank of the United States have been loſt or deſtroyed at ſea, *to wit* 13 ſhares in the name of Peter Blight, of which 5 ſhares No 4185. 5 ſhares No 4186. and 3 ſhares No 4187, and 6 ſhares in the name of John Barker Church, No 2058. which were forwarded by the Counteſs of Leiceſter packet from Falmouth for New-York—and ten ſhares of ſaid ſtock in the name of Stadnitſki & Son, of Amſterdam, No 1796. which were forwarded by the Packet from Falmouth for New-York in November 1794; and for the renewal of which application is made at the ſaid Bank, and all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

march 12 d3m

Patent Ploughs,

TO be ſold for caſh by Joſeph Salter at Atſion Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jeſſe Evans, Lumberton. Thoſe who have uſed them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require leſs team, break the ground better, are kept in order at leſs expence and are ſold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much ſimplified and conſiſts of but one piece of caſt iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with ſcrews and taken off at pleaſure

Patent rights for vending with inſtructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the ſubſcriber No. 212 North Front-ſtreet.

Who has for Sale;

Or to Leaſe for a term of Years,

A number of valuable tracts of Land, well ſituated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, moſtly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon ſtate of Pennſylvania. Thoſe who may incline to view them will pleaſe to apply to John Canan eſq. near Huntingdon.

Charles Newbold.

july 17 2awtf

Valuable Property for Sale.

FOR SALE,

THAT well known Eſtate, called SHREWSBURY FARM, formerly the reſidence of General John Cadwaladar, ſituate on Saſſafras River, in Kent county, Maryland—containing about 1900 acres of prime LAND, upwards of 500 of which are in woods. The Buildings are all excellent, and conſiſt of a handſome Dwelling Houſe, two large Barns with Cow houſes, Stables for fifty horſes, a ſpecious treading floor under cover, a granary, two Overſeer's houſes, two ranges of two ſtory buildings for Negroes (one of them new and of brick), Corn houſes a Smoak houſe, &c. &c.—The whole Eſtate being nearly ſurrounded by water, it requires but little fencing, and has a good Shad and Herring fiſhery. It is conveniently ſituated for both the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, with two landings on a navigable river but a ſhort ſail from Baltimore. There is a large Peach, and two large Apple Orchards on the premiſes; alſo, a variety of excellent fruits of different kinds. The ſoil is moſtly a rich loam.—The whole will be ſold together or divided into ſmaller farms (for which the buildings are conveniently ſituated) as may ſuit the purhaſer. The Stock on ſaid Farm, conſiſting of Horſes, Cattle, Sheep &c. will alſo be diſpoſed of.—For further particulars apply to GEORGE HASTINGS on the premiſes, or to the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia.

ARCHIBALD M'CALL, Jun.

December 12. m. tf.

Notice.

THE ſubſcriber, having been appointed adminiſtrator of the eſtate of Mr. John Lupton, late of this city, merchant, deceaſed, requeſts thoſe who are indebted to ſaid eſtate, to make payment, and thoſe who have demands againſt the ſame to exhibit them to him without delay.

W. MEREDITH.
No. 16, ſouth Fourth ſtreet.

april 26 d6im

NOTICE,

A Certificate of one ſhare of Bank Pennſylvania ſtock, No. 725, in my name, having been loſt or miſlaid, application is made at the ſaid Bank for renewal of the ſame; all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice.

JOHN VAUGHAN.

april 20 d6w

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tueſday the 20th of Auguſt next, I ſhall expoſe to public ſale, at the town of New-Market, in Dorcheſter county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, ſituated on the ſouth ſide and binding on the Choptank river ſeveral miles, ſuppoſed to contain about ſix thouſand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each: The terms of ſale as follow, viz. Purchaſers to give bond immediately after the ſale with approved ſecurity, conditioned for the payment of the purchaſe money, with intereſt from the day of ſale, in four equal annual inſtalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, "An act appointing commiſſioners to contract for and purchaſe the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands in Dorcheſter county, and for appropriating the ſame to the uſe of this ſtate, and to repeal the act of aſſembly therein mentioned;" paſſed at November ſeſſion, 1798.

WM. MARBURY, Agent for the ſtate of Maryland.

april 19. d3m

NOTICE.

ALL perſons having any demands on the *Chevalier de Freire*, Miniſter of Portugal, are deſired to preſent, without loſs of time, their accounts to his Steward, Mr. Rapin, that they may be immediately paid.

Franklin Court,
the 26th April, 1799. d5t

At a Court of Common Pleas, held at Greenſburg, for the county of Weſtmoreland, the ſecond Monday in March, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine, preſent Alexander Addiſon, Eſq. Preſident, and his Aſſociates, Judges of the ſame Court.

ON the petition of LUCAS S. GIBBS, an inſolvent debtor, to the Court of Common Pleas, for the county aforeſaid, praying for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of ſuch perſons, and ſubjoining a liſt of his creditors and effects on oath, the Court appoint the ſecond Monday in June next, for hearing the petitioner and his creditors, and direct that notice thereof be given in Fenno's daily paper of the city of Philadelphia, in one of the Baltimore papers, and in the Fayette gazette, by being inſerted therein, in three ſucceſſive papers, at leaſt three weeks previous to the day of hearing.

By order of Court,
THOMAS HAMILTON, Proth'y.

april 26. 1aw3w—af. d3t.

At a Court of Common Pleas held at Pittſburgh for the county of Allegheny, the firſt Monday of March, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine—Before the Hon. Alexander Addiſon, Eſq. Preſident, John M'Dowell, John Gibſon, George Thompſon and George Wallace, Eſqrs. Aſſociate Judges of the ſame court.

ON the petition of Alexander Sumrall, a priſoner in the jail of ſaid county, praying to be diſcharged according to the proviſions of the act of aſſembly, made for the relief of inſolvent debtors. The court order, that the ſaid priſoner be brought before them at Pittſburgh, on the firſt Monday of June next, that his petition and his creditors may be then heard—and direct that notice of his application be publiſhed in the Gazette of the United States, and in the Pittſburgh Gazette, and continue three weeks in each, the laſt of which ſhall be at leaſt two weeks before the time of hearing.

By the Court,
JAMES BRISON, Proth'y.

april 19 1aw3w&2oM.

Juſt Publiſhed,

And now to be Sold, by

ZACHARIAH POULSON, JUN.

at his Printing Office,

106, *Cheſnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia;*

Alſo to be had at the Philadelphia Library,

AND OF

JOSEPH & JAMES CRUKSHANK,

Booksellers, Market-ſtreet,

The Hiſtory *of* Pennſylvania,

By ROBERT PROUD,

In two octavo volumes.

A work entirely new, original, and highly intereſting; embelliſhed with a Portrait of the head of WILLIAM PENN, and a new Map of Pennſylvania, New-Jerſey, Maryland, and the State of Delaware, and parts adjacent.

IN this publication are exhibited the remarkable riſe, happy progreſs, and extraordinary proſperity of that province, till near the time of the declared independency of the *United States of America*; effected by ſuch uncommon and pacific means ſuch ſingular, juſt and prudent policy, as appear no where in the hiſtory of nations, to have ſo generally, and ſo extenſively prevailed, in any other country, to an equal degree of advancement, importance, and felicity of the people, and ſo generally to have excited the admiration of all obſervers, as in the flouriſhing and happy ſtate of the *province of Pennſylvania*:—proper to be known and remembered by all thoſe, who wiſh to be informed in the extraordinary *melioration* of this country, and in the *means* of rendering the inhabitants ſo happy and proſperous in former time; as well as an egregious example for poſterity and ſurrounding ſtates to imitate and improve upon, &c.

"Hoc opus, hoc ſtudium, parvi properemus et ampli;
Si patriæ volumus, ſi nobis vivere cari" HOR.

In deeds like theſe, let all themſelves approve,
Who ſeek their proper bliſs, and country's love

NOTE.—The ſubſcribers for this work are particularly deſired to call, or ſend, for their reſpective copies, or to direct their friends, in, or near Philadelphia, to receive the ſame for them, at either of the two places firſt above mentioned. And all perſons, holding ſubſcription papers, are earneſtly requeſted to return the ſame, as ſoon as poſſible to ZACHARIAH POULSON, jun. aforeſaid.

april 12 2aw3w

REAL ESTATES.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Offers for ſale the following deſcribed property, —viz.—

ON HIGH-STREET,

A LOT of ground on the ſouth ſide thereof, between 7th and 8th ſtreets, containing in front 23 feet 8 inches and extending in depth ſouthward 306 feet.

The improvements on this lot are a ſubſtantial Brick Dwelling Houſe, three ſtories high, with garrets and an extenſive range of back buildings alſo of three ſtories—the whole compriſing two genteel parlours—a ſpacious drawing room—back parlour—kitchen—waſh-houſe, &c. and a great number of bed-chambers. It has the privilege of paſſage into Market-ſtreet, through a 3 feet wide alley communicating with the yard.

Another lot on the ſame ſituation and next adjoining, weſtward to the one above deſcribed, containing in front, on Market ſtreet, 20 feet 8 inches by 306 feet in depth, on which are erected a two ſtory frame dwelling houſe and kitchen well calculated to accommodate a ſmall family.

The back ground of both theſe lots is rendered healthy and pleaſant by gravel walks and graſs plats and a number of fruit and foreſt trees growing thereon. Each lot hath the privilege of a paſſage into Eighth ſtreet through a 15 feet wide alley extending to the ſame from the back ends.

One other Lot of ground adjoining to and eaſtward of the ſubſcriber's Dwelling Houſe, containing in front 33 feet and extending ſouthward to the depth of 306 feet—on which are erected a ſubſtantia Brick Dwelling Houſe, 18 feet front, with garrets and very convenient back buildings of the ſame height and materials. Alſo a Carriage Houſe and Stables built of wood.

ON CHESNUT STREET.

A Lot of Ground on the north ſide, and between Seventh and Eighth Streets, containing in front 102 feet, and extending in depth northward 178 feet. This Lot is alſo accommodated with a paſſage into Eighth Street, through the above deſcribed alley.

In the town of Dover,

KENT COUNTY, DELAWARE STATE.

Eight Lots of Ground adjoining each other, on the weſt ſide of King ſtreet, containing in front on the ſame 505 feet, and extending in depth weſtward about 402 feet, on which are erected a two ſtory Brick Dwelling Houſe, and another Brick Building adjoining, ſuitable for a Store or Office together with ſeveral frame tenements—a ſtream of water runs through the ſouth part of the lot, where a tan-yard might be improved to advantage.

Payment of a part of the purchaſe money will be required—the remainder may be at intereſt for a number of years by giving the premiſes in ſecurity, &c.

RICHARD RUNDLE.

jan 11 d1w 2awtf

Removal.

THOMAS CLAYTON, *Hatter,*

HAS removed to No. 126, ſouth Front ſtreet, where he intends carrying on his buſineſs as formerly, and has on hand a complete aſſortment of his own manufactured ladies, gentlemen and childrens'

HATS.

Canada Beaver & Muſk-rat Skins,

With a complete aſſortment of FURS, always for ſale.—He has received per the late arrivals from London, a complete aſſortment of

Faſhionable Engliſh Hats,

Which he now offers for ſale at very reduced prices.

ja... 29 1aw6m

The Subſcriber offers for Sale,

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY.

AN Excellent three ſtory Brick Houſe, ſituate the corner of 7th and Race-ſtreets;—the houſe is about 25 feet front and well finiſhed in every reſpect; the Lot is 76 feet front on Race-ſtreet and 88 feet deep, the ſituation remarkably airy, having a public ſquare open in Front of it.

Two three ſtory Brick Houſes, Brick Stores, and good Wharf, ſituate in Water-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, the lot on which theſe buildings are, is fifty four feet front on Water-ſtreet, and continues that width about 95 feet, then widens to the ſouth 13 feet 6 inches, ſo that the front on the water is ſixty ſeven feet ſix inches, this lot adjoins John Steinmetz eſq. on the ſouth, and has the advantage of a public alley on the north, and is a very deſirable ſituation for the buſineſs of a Flour Factor, or Merchant

A large elegant two ſtory Stone Houſe, ſituate on the Point no Point road, being the firſt houſe to the Northward of the five mile ſtone; this houſe is about 60 feet front and 40 feet deep finiſhed in a neat manner; there is a good garden and choice collection of the beſt fruit trees, Ice-Houſe and other conveniences with about nine acres of ground—or if more agreeable to the purchaſer, thirty two acres of upland and meadow may be added to it.

A plantation in Bibirry Townſhip, Philadelphia county near the Red Lyon, about 13 miles from this city; bounded by the Northampton Road and Poqueſſing Creek, this farm contains about 140 acres of land, a proportion of which is woodland and meadow, a brick dwelling-houſe, frame barn, and other out-houſes, and there is ſaid to be a good ſtone quarry on part of it, although it has not yet been opened, a further deſcription is deemed unneceſſary as no perſon will purchaſe without viewing the premiſes,

A ſmall plantation in Horſham Townſhip, Montgomery county, nineteen miles from Philadelphia, adjoining to Grame Park, on which is an excellent new Stone Houſe and Kitchen, with a large Stone Shed for the accommodation of traveller's horſes; the houſe is now occupied as a tavern, and is ſuitable for any kind of public buſineſs, the land is good in quality, a good neighborhood, and a remarkably healthy ſituation: there is fifty acres of land and meadow in this farm——Alſo for ſale, ſeveral tracts of land in different counties of this ſtate

☞ The Houſe in Race-ſtreet firſt mentioned and one of the Houſes in Water-ſtreet, are now

TO BE LET,

And immediate poſſeſſion given. For terms apply at the South-eaſt corner of Arch and Sixth-ſtreets, to

JOSEPH BALL.

feb 7 th&f tf

Library Company of Philadelphia.

The Annual Election

FOR Directors and a Treaſurer of the Library Company of Philadelphia, will be held at the Library, in Fifth ſtreet, on Monday the ſixth of May next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, when the Treaſurer will attend to receive the annual payments.

As there are ſeveral ſhares on which fines are due, the owners of them, or their repreſentatives, are hereby notified, that they will be forfeited, agreeably to the laws of the Company, unleſs the arrears are paid off on the ſaid ſixth day of May, or within ten days after.

By order of the Directors,

BENJAMIN R. MORGAN, Secretary.

april 12. 3taw te

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

June 27, 1798.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, paſſed during the preſent ſeſſion of Congreſs, ſo much of the act entituled "An Act making further proviſion for the ſupport of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—paſſed the third day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from ſettlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final ſettlement Certificates, and Indents of Intereſts, is ſuſpended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine.

That on the liquidation and ſettlement of the ſaid Certificates, and Indents of Intereſt, at the Treaſury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the ſaid Indents, and the arrearages of intereſt due on their ſaid Certificates, prior to the firſt day of January one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety one.

That the principal ſums of the ſaid Loan Office and final ſettlement Certificates, with the intereſt thereon, ſince the firſt day of January, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety one, will be diſcharged after liquidation at the Treaſury, by the payment of intereſt and reimburſement of principal, equal to the ſums which would have been payable thereon, if the ſaid Certificates had been ſubſcribed, purſuant to the Acts making proviſion for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other ſums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by ſuch ſubſcriptions as aforeſaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treaſury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury.

june 28 1awtf

Weavers.

SEVERAL WEAVERS may find employment by applying to Iſaac T. Hopper, No. 39, Pine-ſtreet.

3mo. 15th, 1799.

Valuable Property for Sale,

In Cheſnut, near Sixth ſtreet, directly oppoſit CONGRESS HALL,

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Cheſnut ſtreet and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame houſe, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge, ſubject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous ſituation of this property requires no comments, for it muſt be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unacceptionable title will be made to the purchaſer. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198, Cheſnut ſtreet, next door to the premiſes.

march 5 tu.th ſatf

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

March 11th, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, Purſuant to the act of Congreſs paſſed on the 1ſt day of June, one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety ſix, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military ſervices, and for the ſociety of United Brethren for propagating the goſpel among the Heathen;" and the act ſupplementary to the ſaid recited act paſſed on the ſecond day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after deſcribed, namely, "beginning at the North Weſt corner of the ſeven ranges of townſhips, and running thence fifty miles due ſouth, along the weſtern boundary of the ſaid ranges;—thence due Weſt to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the ſaid river to the place where the Indian boundary line croſſes the ſame;—thence along the ſaid boundary line to the Tuſcaroras branch of the Muſkingum river at the croſſing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the ſaid river, to the point where a line run due weſt from the place of beginning, will interſect the ſaid river; thence along the line ſo run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townſhips of five miles ſquare, and fractional parts of townſhips; and that plats and ſurveys of the ſaid townſhips and fractional parts of townſhips are depoſited in the offices of the Regiſter of the Treaſury and Surveyor General, for the inſpection of all perſons concerned.

II.

The holders of ſuch warrants as have been or ſhall be granted for military ſervices performed during the late war, are required to preſent the ſame to the Regiſter of the Treaſury, at ſome time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thouſand eight hundred, for the purpoſe of being regiſtered; No regiſtry will however be made of any leſs quantity than a quarter townſhip, or four thouſand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be preſented and regiſtered in manner aforeſaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thouſand eight hundred, will immediately after the ſaid day, be determined by lot, in the mode deſcribed by the act firſt recited.

IV.

The holders of regiſtered warrants, ſhall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800, in the order of which the priority of location ſhall be determined by lot as aforeſaid, perſonally, or by their agents, deſignate in writing at the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſury, the particular quarter townſhips elected by them reſpectively, and ſuch of the ſaid holders as ſhall not deſignate their locations on the ſaid day, ſhall be poſtponed in locating ſuch warrants to all other holders of regiſtered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military ſervices ſufficient to cover one or more quarter townſhips or tracts of four thouſand acres each; ſhall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the firſt day of January, 1802, be allowed to regiſter the ſaid warrants in manner aforeſaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military ſervices, which ſhall not be regiſtered and located before the firſt day of January, 1802, are by the ſupplementary act of Congreſs herein before recited, paſſed on the ſecond day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCOTT.
Sec. of the Treaſury.

To be Let,

A genteel, convenient three ſtory

BRICK HOUSE,

IN SPRUCE STREET, (no. 64)

THIS houſe has been newly papered and painted, and was not occupied during laſt ſever.

feb. 12. d5t af. eo tf.

To be Let,

A Store and Loft,

NEAR Market-ſtreet Wharf.—Enquire of the Subſcriber,

GEO. DAVIS,
319 High-ſtreet.

feb 11 2aw tf

PRINTED BY *J. W. FENNO.*